

Safety Data Sheet

SHAW 35MC PREMIUM PLUS

Safety Data Sheet dated: 03/28/2022 - version 2

Date of first edition: 09/22/2021



1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: SHAW 35MC PREMIUM PLUS

Trade code: 9019469

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Adhesive

Restrictions on use: Not available

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Company: Shaw Industries

616 East Walnut Avenue

30721 - Dalton - GA - USA

Phone: 706-275-3688

Phone: 954-246-8888

Responsible: Not available

Emergency 24 hour numbers:

Emergency Number (USA/Canada) CHEMTREC 1(800) 424-9300 / 1(703) 527-3887

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION



Classification of the chemical

Eye Irrit. 2A Causes serious eye irritation.

Resp. Sens. 1 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Label elements

Pictograms and Signal Words



Danger

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Precautionary statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

P304+P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Ingredient(s) with unknown acute toxicity:

None

Hazards not otherwise classified identified during the classification process:

None

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Substances**

Not Relevant

Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of 29 CFR 1910.1200 and related classification:

List of components

Concentration (% w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
2.5-5 %	CALCIUM OXIDE	CAS:1305-78-8 EC:215-138-9	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H335; Eye Dam. 1, H318	
0.25-0.49 %	Silica Sand	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372; Carc. 1A, H350	
0.1-0.25 %	4-METHYLBENZENESULFONYL ISOCYANATE	CAS:4083-64-1 EC:223-810-8 Index:615-012-00-7	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H335; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Resp. Sens. 1, H334	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES**Description of first aid measures**

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Obtain medical attention if skin related symptoms persist.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
 Burning produces heavy smoke.
 Hazardous combustion products: Not available
 Explosive properties: Not available
 Oxidizing properties: Not available

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.
 Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
 Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.
 Remove persons to safety.
 Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
 Limit leakages with earth or sand.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
 Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
 Exercise the greatest care when handling or opening the container.
 Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
 Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
 Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
 Do not eat or drink while working.
 See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage temperature: Not available
 Keep away from food, drink and feed.
 Incompatible materials:
 None in particular.
 Instructions as regards storage premises:
 Adequately ventilated premises.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

List of components with OEL value

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
CALCIUM OXIDE	OSHA			5					
	ACGIH			2					upper respiratory tract irritation;
	MAK	GERMANY		1					
	ACGIH			2					upper respiratory tract irritation
	MAK	AUSTRIA		1		4			
Silica Sand	MAK	SWITZERLAND		2					
	ACGIH			0.025					A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis;
	ACGIH			0.025					A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis
	MAK	AUSTRIA		0.15					

Appropriate engineering controls: Not available

Individual protection measures

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; 29 CFR 1910.138 - ANSI/ISEA 105:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Use impervious gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.134 - CSA Z94.4 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance and colour: paste Beige

Odour: Odourless

Odour threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point / freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: 100 °C (212 °F)

Evaporation rate: No data available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: No data available

Vapour density: No data available

Vapour pressure: No data available

Relative density: 1.55 g/cm³

Solubility in water: Insoluble

Solubility in oil: No data available

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No data available

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity: No data available

Explosive properties: No data available

Oxidizing properties: No data available

Solid/gas flammability: No data available

Other information

Substance Groups relevant properties No data available

Miscibility: No data available

Fat Solubility: No data available

Conductivity: No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

Data not available.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

CALCIUM OXIDE	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 500 mg/kg
Silica Sand	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 500 mg/kg
4-METHYLBENZENESULFONYL ISOCYANATE	a) acute toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Rat > 640 ppm 1h LD50 Oral Rat = 2234 mg/kg

Substance(s) listed on the IARC Monographs:

Silica Sand Group 1

Substance(s) listed as OSHA Carcinogen(s):

Silica Sand

Substance(s) listed as NIOSH Carcinogen(s):

Silica Sand

Substance(s) listed on the NTP report on Carcinogens:

Silica Sand

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
CALCIUM OXIDE	CAS: 1305-78-8 - EINECS: 215-138-9	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Cyprinus carpio = 1070 mg/L 96h IUCLID
Silica Sand	CAS: 14808-60-7 - EINECS: 238-878-4	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 carp > 10000.00000 mg/L 72h

Persistence and degradability

Not available

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available

Mobility in soil

Not available

Other adverse effects

Not available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

UN number

DOT-UN Number: Not Applicable

ADR-UN number: Not Applicable

IATA-Un number: Not Applicable

IMDG-Un number: Not Applicable

UN proper shipping name

DOT-Proper Shipping Name: Not Applicable

ADR-Shipping Name: Not Applicable

IATA-Technical name: Not Applicable

IMDG-Technical name: Not Applicable

Transport hazard class(es)

DOT-Hazard Class: Not Applicable

ADR-Class: Not Applicable

IATA-Class: Not Applicable

IMDG-Class: Not Applicable

Packing group

DOT-Packing group: Not Applicable

ADR-Packing Group: Not Applicable

IATA-Packing group: Not Applicable

IMDG-Packing group: Not Applicable

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: Not Applicable

DOT-RQ: Not Applicable

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not Applicable

Special precautions

Department of Transportation (DOT):

Not Applicable

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

Not Applicable

Air (IATA) :

Not Applicable

Sea (IMDG) :

Not Applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

USA - Federal regulations

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TSCA inventory:

All the components are listed on the TSCA inventory

TSCA listed substances:

CALCIUM OXIDE is listed in TSCA Section 8b

Silica Sand is listed in TSCA Section 8b

4-METHYLBENZENESULFONYL is listed in TSCA Section 8b

ISOCYANATE

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances:

No substances listed

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
 CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
 GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 4. FIRST AID MEASURES
- 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
- 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION
- 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
- 16. OTHER INFORMATION